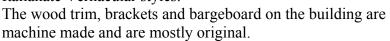
## ARCHITECTURAL GUIDE TO THE NHS&M

The Niagara Historical Society & Museum consists of three independent buildings merged together. The Three buildings consist of the High School building (built in 1875), Memorial Hall (built in 1906) and the Link Building (built in 1971).

## Niagara High School

This property was originally part of the Military Reserve. In 1823 James Crooks exchanged his property on the site of Fort Mississauga for the land that the High School now sits on. He later transferred this land to the Niagara Board of Trustees for common and grammar schools to be built. This building (right) was built in 1875 and was the first high school in the Town and operated as such from 1875 to 1947. The Society has been in possession of the building since 1949. It was built as a single-storey rectangular brick building with a medium pitch gable roof. The features of the building are derived from Gothic and Italianate Vernacular styles.







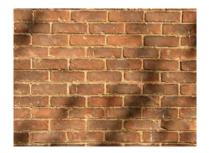
Decorative italianate style brackets in the eaves (left), faced with a plain horizontal cornice.

The windows are double-hung divided sashes, six panes per sash (right). The sills of the windows and doors are made from cut limestone.



The ridge of the roof is interrupted by the addition of a mansard roof, the top of which forms the base of the belfry (right).





The brick pattern on the front facade (left) is called stretcher bond with flush joints.

## **Memorial Hall**

Designed by W.B.Allan of St. Catharines as the first museum building in Ontario. This two-storey building with full attic has been unaltered since its construction in 1906. The foundation of the building is constructed from coursed rubble, reported to have been obtained from the ruins of the Indian Council House and Hospital (built in 1816/17 and destroyed by fire in 1881) on the Common.

The roof style of Memorial Hall is called a hipped roof (right)



All the front windows (two are pictured on the left) on the second floor have single-hung divided sashes, which means they have smaller upper sashes with four panes

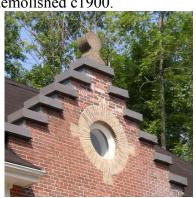
each, and larger lower sashes with a single pane.

The columns on the porch are spanned by a corbelled arch (right).



The plinth (left) of the walls and the sills of the openings are made of cut limestone, obtained from the John Rogers Dry Goods Store on Queens Street, which was demolished c1900.

Buff brick, with brick "Darte" at the quarters of the circle surround the side gable (right). Only four buildings in Niagara-on-the-Lake have the use of buff brick for decoration of openings.



The Link Building





This building was constructed in 1971 - 73 to join Memorial Hall with the High School Building.

Eight of the front windows were obtained from the Parish of St. Mark's Church, which were removed from the Parish hall in 1965.